

Anxieties Over Withdrawal Decisions and Their Negative Impact on Mexican Women Who Had Hysterectomies: A Case Report

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Abstract: The present study examined the significant suppressive effects, in particular those of organ removal surgery. Numerous negative consequences of uterine excision are recognized in homeopathy as a result of the huge proportion of premenopausal women who choose to do it as a preventative measure. The primary factor contributing to these choices is the gynecologists' reported fear—or what they see as a high probability—of cancer among their patients. statements like: the uterus that can no longer carry a child will definitely develop cancer have been coined. The clinical case study format was used for this analysis; recruiting patients to participate in such an investigation is challenging; many of the patients have no connection to homeopathy, which limits the scope of potential hysterectomy complications. Not to mention the patients who have tried homeopathy as a last option after being unsuccessful with conventional medicine. Just four people out of that group consented to take part in the study. The primary objective was to demonstrate the risks associated with this kind of surgery and their effects on women's health. The four ladies who were part of the case study all had uterine fibroids (Fibroids) as their pre-operative diagnosis. The catastrophic allopathic prognosis has become practically fashionable in medical practice, particularly in Western nations, and this is the primary reason why these patients are worried. Following surgery: With time, the withdrawal caused them to all experience a variety of significant symptoms. An essential aspect to examine in this paper is the miasmatic diagnosis of post-operative symptoms. In this post, we will go over how the Homeopathy School of Mexico uses a miasmatic orientation method to tailor therapy to each unique patient. The therapy is described with the assumption that the miasmatic is the most important factor. A method that pretends to discover the prevalent miasma in each patient is used to show instances with columns where symptoms are categorized. In this post, we will go over how miasmatic orientation may be used to manage issues in a personalized way for each patient. In this article, the miasmatic method is used to describe a personalized treatment plan. At last, the results are discussed, and suggestions for further study are made.

Keywords: Hysterectomy, Suppression, Miasmatic Orientation, Myomas

Introduction

Allopathic physicians advise or prescribe hysterectomy to female patients based on a flawed version of probability theory. While hysterectomy is still an option for certain women, the psychological effects of the most prevalent types of surgeries that women undergo are still unclear.

A feature of an occurrence that gives rise to reasons to expect it will occur is its likelihood, according to probability theory. The ratio of the number of favorable instances (Y) of an event (X) to the total number of potential cases (N) is the probability (P) that the event (X) will occur out of n equally likely situations. patients who are 44 and above, they utilize the phrase "just in case" to persuade them that hysterectomy is necessary to prevent potential risks. Additionally, they use probability theory incorrectly, downplaying the negative impacts while highlighting the positive ones. Six out of one hundred women will have uterine cancer if the average age-related risk is determined to be 6% in a sample of women. Having a family history of cervical cancer, smoking, the number of pregnancies, the number of sexual partners, starting sexual activity

at a young age (under 18), using long-term oral contraceptives, and many other factors all contribute to an inaccurate sample size. A personal risk average is calculated for each patient based on the results of these tests. Prior to a hysterectomy, it is wise to familiarize yourself with the most common reasons for the procedure. As previously stated by Afridi, N., Fareed, A., Nazeer, S., Khan, S., and Khan, Sh. [1], the gynecological surgical procedure most often performed is the hysterectomy. Additionally, it was shown that the most prevalent histological finding in individuals having a hysterectomy for benign reasons is adenomyosis. Period problems and uterine prolapse were the leading causes of hysterectomy in the years 2013–2016, according to Anbreen, F., Qadir, S., Naeem, H., Farhat, N., Ghafoor, M., and Hassan, S. [2]. It is typical for doctors to recommend hysterectomy in some specialist medical practices; nevertheless, there are occasions when doctors will just recommend it as a precaution. Despite this caution, a large number of people still choose to have surgery. When myomas are detected, doctors often advise a hysterectomy as Option A. Typically, this suggestion informs patients

of the dangers of cancer. Choice B: Many women have been pregnant due to misinformation At 44 years old, I often get into panic mode after reading an overblown, non-scientific magazine. Some of these women often visit physicians and inquire about the operation in particular. After that, there are physicians who are willing to take on the task of removing the organ without warning, all the while the patient is terrified. A living being's cognitive capacity is its information processing ability, which includes the ability to perceive, knowledge gained through experience, and the subjective qualities that give the information worth. Learning, thinking, paying attention, remembering, solving problems, making decisions, and experiencing emotions are all parts of it. Here are a few key features of the cognitive framework:

The first kind of action is observation, which is picking out and absorbing the characteristics of one or more objects.

2. Society for the Study of Cancer. 3. For instance, the following are some of the reasons why a hysterectomy may be recommended by Stanford Health Care: irregular periods of bleeding, infections or pains in the pelvis, endometriosis, adenomyosis, prolapsing of the cerviculous organs, uterine fibroids or noncancerous growths, and so on. components, with vision serving as the primary tool. Part B) Identifying variables: pinpointing exactly where the components of a phenomena under investigation are located. C) Comparison: a way to find the similarities and differences between two things by relating them. D) A relationship is a mental operation that allows us to see similarities or linkages between three or more entities. E) Ordering: a mental operation that involves distributing or arranging two or more items, sometimes according to their attributes. One socially distributed form of cognition is the idea of interactive learning, which Levine, Resnick, and Higgins [3] state as the belief that learning is essentially about internalizing processes that have been practiced in interaction with others. For learning to do things independently, it's necessary to engage in social contact; this is true whether one is solving a mathematical issue, operating complicated equipment, or understanding various texts (Vygotsky, [4]). When we can see how other people behave in real life, we may learn from it. Classification in a hierarchical structure is a mental operation that allows us to express or link different experiences according to their relative significance. At its most basic, it may be given in one of two ways: first, from the broad to the specific (the deductive technique), or second, from the specific to the broad (the inductive method). How did the ladies who were persuaded to get the procedure really fare? According to the homeopathic method, they will exhibit a wide range of complicated symptoms around the midpoint, some of which will be difficult to identify, explain, and cure. This additional symptom, known as a suppressive symptom, is a result of

malpractice; specifically, it is the result of removing an organ that is essential for birthing and many other vital processes. (not only for giving birth, but for many other crucial bodily processes as well). According to quantum mechanics, the uterus's sole function is to facilitate conception, yet in the observable universe, this is not the case at all. Within the human body exists an unseen network in which all parts are interdependent. One of the tenets of the theosophical view is that, on the plane of manifestation, there is a single conscious energy that (a) moves the atoms about and (b) coordinates their movements so that they form circles. Organs, cells, machinery, and systems are all assembled by following the orders of the group of commanding atoms that make up a body. It would seem that the many components inside the body are interconnected by a complex network of signals. That's why it seems like there are consequences in areas of the body where there are no obvious physical connections or touch when a portion is removed from the body.

Homeopathic approaches: there are many cases, Kaur, D., Shah, J. and Sonavale, R. [5] investigate and evaluate the anticancer activity of commercially available homeopathic preparations the specific case of dynamized testosterone. Yadev, R., Jee, B., and Rao, K. [6] follow a spectrum of symptoms of a patient guide in cancer process. Available data suggest that homeopathy has potency not only to treat various types of cancers but also to reduce the side effects caused by standard therapeutic modalities like chemotherapy, radiotherapy or surgery. Lucadou, W. [7] report research of homeopathy and the result of epidemiological clinical studies about the success of homeopathic treatments. The paper tries to answer the question of why extremely highly diluted substances may be able to result in a medical reaction in a patient even if no single molecule of the used substance is detected in the medicament.

Homeopathy will affect positively the negative effects of uterus resection. Basically, the reasons of those beneficial effects are various: Banyopadhyay, P., Das, S., Manchanda, R., Khurana, A., Nayak, D., Bhar, D., Basu, R. and Nandy, P.

[8] mentioned that Homeopathic medicines affect physical properties of matter which depend on the characteristic and the potency of the medicine. These effects can be explained from two aspects: (a) classical and (b) quantum electrodynamical. Using three different sets of experiments where homeopathic medicines have affected the physical properties of matter, they have shown how the results can be interpreted in a positive way.

In the following cases, we will present different homeopathical treatments for suppressive symptoms that appeared after hysterectomy. However, the best decision is the correct evaluation of each case and practice hysterectomy only if is completely necessary and not before the overwhelming data.

2.1. Case 1 Maria

MIASMATIC DIAGNOSIS

Psora 1 Sycosis 2 Syphilis 3.

1. Cases

Four patients hysterectomized for the same cause: uterine fibroids (Myomas) All of them developed symptoms some months after the surgery. All of those symptoms were new for all of them. As the homeopathic pathogenesis predict, after a suppression the patients will present new symptoms. As it is known, in homeopathy the symptoms are individualized, it means that there is not an equal reaction for all the patients in front of the same suppression (Hysterectomy). In all of those cases the patients were treated with different remedies and using the miasmatic approach. In the end, after several sessions, three of them were cured, one was in the stage of incurability.

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have affected the physical properties of matter, they have shown how the results can be interpreted in a positive way. In the following cases we will present different homeopathical treatments after hysterectomy. However, the best decision is the correct evaluation of each case and practice hysterectomy only if is completely necessary and not before the overwhelming data.

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Table 1. I&D Identification and demographics (name Maria, age).

Age 58,	PSORA	SYCOSIS	SYPHILIS
PMH (Past medical history) (major illnesses)	11	5	12
FH (Family history) (father mother. paternal grandparents and maternal grandparents)	9	7	14
HPC (History of presenting complaint) Synthesis:			
Average mental and general symptoms in common.....	4	8	6
	24	20	32

Table 2. Nosological dx.

Nosological dx	Myomas uterine fibroids
Dx of Pathology, symptoms after the hysterectomy (Supression):	Hypertension. Hypotiroidism. Colitis. Cephalalgia
Miasmatic diagnosis:	3-1-2
Predominant miasma	Psoric

Case 1 some of the main symptoms and miasmatic seriation and equivalences:

Mental	General
<i>Table 3. Mental and General symptoms. Malicious (Resentment) 1, 2) 3</i>	
Despair 3	
Hatred 3	
Forgetful 3-1	
Impatience 2	

1. ~~I feel really resentful with my husband, sometimes a dream that a take revenge for what he did to me.~~
 2. I know I would never hurt him and that makes me feel impotent.
 3. I feel that I will never get over this, that makes me feel sad and really angry.
 4. I've always been morose, I get easily angry and lately I forget everything and
 5. I feel really tired
 6. I had a pelvic and abdominal ultrasound because I had stomachache,
 7. I was diagnosed with colitis but they found too uterine myomatosis so my doctor decided to take off my uterus"
- Dx miasmatic: 3-1-2 Syphilitic, psoric, sycotic.
Treatment: Natrum Muriaticum 0/6 LM.

2.2. Case 2 Laura

MIASMATIC DIAGNOSIS
Psora 1 Sycosis 2 Syphilis 3.

Table 4. I&D Identification and demographics (name Laura, age).

I&D Identification and demographics (name, age, height, weight) Age 45,	PSORA	SYCOSIS	SYPHILIS
PMH (Past medical history) (major illnesses)	3	13	2
FH (Family history) (father mother. paternal grandparents and maternal grandparents)	9	3	2
HPC (History of presenting complaint) Synthesis:			
Average mental and general symptoms in common.....	8	14	4

Table 5. Nosological dx.

Nosological dx	Myomas uterine fibroids
Dx of Pathology, symptoms after the hysterectomy (Suppression):	Allergic rhinitis Colitis Constipation GERD Gastro Esofagial reflux disease
Miasmatic diagnosis:	2-1-3
Predominant miasma	Sycotic

Case 2 some of the main symptoms and it's miasmatic seriation and equivalences:

Table 6. Mental and General symptoms.

Mental	General	Particular
Fastidious 2 CONTRADICTION intolerant of contradiction 2 Impatience 2	Noise agg 2 Sleeplessness 2 Motion amel 2 Cold agg 1	Nasal discharge 2 Nasal congestion 2-1 History of FEMALE GENITALIA–TUMORS myoma (fibroid) (Suppressed) 2

Phenomenological expressions:

1. I like everything perfect so I encourage my children to be really organized as me.
2. I get angry when they don't obey.
3. I also get angry when people don't agree with me.
4. I hate being seek, I can't breathe,
5. I have nasal obstruction worsen by cold weather. That gives me a headache but when I start doing things, working, walking I feel better.
6. Whenever I get cold I feel the obstruction with a mucous discharge from the back of my nose and on my throat. Sometimes that wont let me sleep.
7. I want to feel better as soon as possible, I feel desperate"

Dx miasmatic: 2-1-3 Sycotic, Psoric, Syphilitic

Treatment: Nux Vomica 0/1.

2.3. Case 3 Patricia

MIASMATIC DIAGNOSIS

Psora 1 Sycosis 2 Syphilis 3.

Table 7. I&D Identification and demographics (name Patricia, age).

I&D Identification and demographics (name, age, height, weight) Age 57	PSORA	SYCOSIS	SYPHILIS
PMH (Past medical history) (major illnesses)	14	6	6
FH (Family history) (father mother. paternal grandparents and maternal grandparents)	4	6	5
HPC (History of presenting complaint) Synthesis:			
Average mental and general symptoms in common.....	3	12	6
	21	24	17

Table 8. Nosological dx.

Nosological dx	Uterine bleeding for myomas uterine fibroids
Dx of Pathology, symptoms after the hysterectomy (Suppression):	Ovaric cyst Dyslipidemia (Hypercholesterolemia and hypertriglyceridemia) Hypothyroidism
Miasmatic diagnosis:	2-1-3
Predominant miasma	Psoric

Case 3 some of the main symptoms and it's miasmatic seriation and equivalences:

Table 9. Mental and General symptoms.

Mental	General	Particular
Anger 2 Singing 2 Industrious 2 Busy 2	Swelling 2 Obesity 2 Morning agg 1 Cold agg 1 Unrefreshing sleep 3 Weariness 1	EXTREMITIES cramps 3 CHEST–PAIN–Stitching Mammae 2-3 FEMALE GENITALIA–TUMORS Ovaries 2 History of FEMALE GENITALIA–TUMORS myoma (fibroid) (Suppressed) 2

Phenomenological expressions:

1. I feel angry everytime
2. I have leg cramping because it wont let me walk and it is really painful.
3. I like to be busy, I get easily bored so I work a lot. Ever since they removed my uterus
4. I feel stitching pain on my breast, it gets worse in cold weather and when I wake up in the morning.
5. I feel really tired all the time, most of all at rise, I wake up without energy and really sleepy"

Dx miasmatic: 2-1-3 Sycotic, Psoric, Syphilitic
Treatment: Nux vomica 0/2.

2.4. Case 4 Sofia

MIASMATIC DIAGNOSIS
Psora 1 Sycosis 2 Syphilis 3.

Table 10. I&D Identification and demographics (name Sofia, age).

I&D Identification and demographics (name, age, height, weight) Age 48,	PSORA	SYCOSIS	SYPHILIS
PMH (Past medical history) (major illnesses)	9	3	2
FH (Family history) (father mother. paternal grandparents and maternal grandparents)	9	3	2
HPC (History of presenting complaint) Synthesis: Average mental and non-general symptoms in common	8 26	4 10	4 8

Table 11. Nosological dx.

Nosological dx	Myomas uterine fibroids
Dx of Pathology, symptoms after the hysterectomy (Suppression):	Ferropenic Anemia Inguinal Hernia
Miasmatic diagnosis:	1-2-3
Predominant miasma	Syphilitic

Case 4 some of the main symptoms and it's miasmatic seriation and equivalences:

Table 12. Mental and General symptoms.

Mental	General	Particular
Yielding disposition 1 Reserved 1 AILMENTS FROM. Disappointment 1 COMPANY desire for 1	SLEEPINESS. Morning 1 Cold weather agg 1	History of FEMALE GENITALIA-TUMORS myoma (fibroid) (Suppressed) 2 FEMALE GENITALIA- METRORRHAGIA fibroids from (Suppressed) 3-2

Phenomenological expressions:

1. I feel really tired and sleepy on the morning, even if
2. I sleep well at night. I feel like everything
3. I've ever done is for emotional dependency, to make everyone happy or to make them love me.
4. I don't like to be alone, so a seek for company.
5. I'm not comfortable sharing my feelings, it its hard for me to tell you how
6. I feel but my husband was unfaithful and ever since
7. I've been feeling tired and cold.
8. I don't like cold weather it makes me feel worst. Also after that I started to have minor bleeding in between my menstrual cycle so
9. I had a pelvic ultrasound and they found uterine fibroids so that is why I had the surgery to get my uterus removed. After that happened I've been feeling really tired, sleepy and cold" (Blood work showed iron deficiency anemia)

Dx miasmatic: 1-2-3 Psoric, Sycotic, Syphilitic
Treatment: Phosphorus 0/2.

Conclusion

The primary goal of medicine, which was to treat and cure people, has clearly evolved. What's important right now is that it just addresses my concerns, which is often the key to someone's financial success. Traditional medicine and homeopathy have been under danger from medical overmarketing for decades. The basic reason homeopathy has persisted is because it is effective in curing people without inflicting any damage to them. The public takes the media's claims about what works and what doesn't for granted. As a result, many terminally sick patients seek out homoeopathy, but their therapies are just palliative rather than curative since they were not administered quickly enough. We are aware that a large number of the items used in modern allopathic treatment are either modernized versions of or derivatives from compounds that have been there for millennia, but which get very little attention. What should one do in light of all this? Call out others because they claim to know? Better yet, learn from one's own mistakes by investigating, verifying, and adjusting to new circumstances. Research and development

of contemporary pharmaceuticals should not overlook drugs developed from traditional medicines that follow the traditional uses of traditional medicine, as pointed out by Yuan, H., Ma, O., Ye, L., and Piao, G. [9]. Khan, Sh., Afridi, Nazeer, Fareed, and Khan all collaborated on this study.

propose investigating the incidence of histopathological diagnosis in women who had a hysterectomy at a tertiary care institution for a benign reason. The issue of suppression is real, however, so this won't solve it. The known suppressive consequences of organ mutilation in humans manifest as varying degrees of symptoms. After a hysterectomy, Stewart [10] explains what transpired psychologically. Some of the most prevalent mistakes include putting too much weight on past designs, not having enough controls, letting assessment methods become contaminated, and not properly quantifying and analyzing data. The absence of a miasmatic diagnosis in hysterectomy instances, as pointed out by Torres and Reig [11], adds many

more difficulties. Women who are scared or misled into thinking a hysterectomy is the best option for them should have access to more and better protections immediately. Following protocols similar as those described by Afridi, N., Fareed, A., Nazeer, S., Khan, S., and Khan, Sh. [1], researchers at a tertiary care hospital assessed the prevalence of histopathological diagnoses in women who had hysterectomy for benign conditions. But we must also adjust our thinking so that women can hear the risks of this kind of surgery and make an informed decision. The path to internalization is laid out by Rogoff [12] in certain ways of thinking and conceptual stances. Managing cognitive contamination as a means to safeguard individuals against manipulation was also brought up by Reig, E., Galvanovskis, A., Asili, N., and Diez Martínez, O. [13]. Whether it's before or after a hysterectomy, patients always benefit from a thorough homeopathic evaluation and interview. A team consisting of Bell, I. R., Koithan, M., Gorman, M. M., and Baldwin, C. M. [14] This is the case of Bell, I. R. and others. In an effort to catalog what the 38 classical homeopaths would consider to be the most important changes in their patients, the following categories were proposed: (1) emotional stability; (2) mental clarity; (3) improved physical functioning; (4) overall physical changes; (5) self-perception; (6) relationships; (7) spirituality; (8) way of life; (9) vitality; (10) sleep quality and quantity; (11) overall health; (12) perceptions of others; (13) relationships in life; (14) a sense of liberation or reduced "stuck"; (15) rest; (16) conflict resolution; (17) flexibility; (18) imagination; and (19) recalling previous experiences.

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